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Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation 2 Update: History, Purpose, Administration, Scoring, Interpretation, and Standardization

In Cooperation with Pearson

Presenter: Ronald Goldman, Ph.D.

Moderated by:

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Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation 2 Update: History, Purpose, Administration, Scoring, Interpretation, and Standardization

December 11, 2014

Ronald Goldman, Ph.D. Author Goldman-Fristoe Test of Articulation-2



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Product Evolution: Film Viewer



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Product Evolution









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Increasing Precision Through Research and Feedback

1960s Filmstrip Articulation Test

1969 GFTA published (no norms)

1972 Norms for ages 6-16+ added to GFTA (Hull, et al. study)

1986 Norms for ages 2-5 added to GFTA

1999 Nationwide re-norming (n = 2,350)

2000 GFTA-2 published and Supplemental Developmental Norms

2012 GFTA-2 Digital Stimulus Book (flash drive)

2014 GFTA-2 digital edition on Q-interactive (2 iPads)

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Leadership Position

From the ASHA Product Survey (2005):

GFTA is the most widely used test in speechlanguage pathology



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Types of Tests

- Conversational Speech (authentic)
- Reading
 - My Grandfather
 - The Rainbow
- Mimicry
- · Picture naming
 - Homemade
 - Bryngleson-Glaspey (1951)
 - Hejna (1955)
 - Templin-Darley (1955)

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Winitz, H. (1969). Articulatory Acquisition and Behavior

- Articulation tests can be used in a variety of ways:
 - to determine phonetic proficiency
 - for purposes of screening
 - for diagnosis
 - to assess developmental progress
 - for prediction
 - to test for programming
- To this list we added some additional applications:
 - to screen for expressive language difficulties
 - for research studies

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Articulation Test Design for Young Children

Test must be designed to:

- Examine all the necessary phonemes
- Obtain an adequate and accurate sample of the subject's speech production under several conditions, ranging from imitative to conversational speech
- Be presented in a form that would be easy to administer, eliminating loose cards or objects as stimulus material
- Be colorful and interesting to the subject

(continued...)

| GFTA-2: Research, Administration, & Scoring | 3/17/2011



Articulation Test Design for Young Children, continued

- Be conducive to the minimizing of distractions and to the focusing of the subject's attention on stimulus materials
- Employ appropriate vocabulary providing spontaneous association of picture and desired verbal response
- Minimize administration time (use fewer stimulus pictures to obtain multiple word and sound responses)
- Provide a form for recording responses which is easy to use and which facilitates a comparative evaluation of the subject's pattern of errors under the various test conditions

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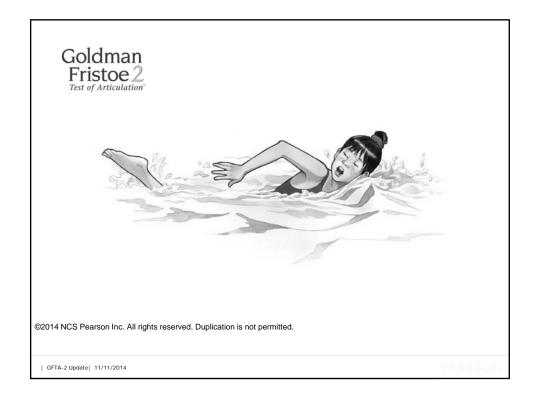


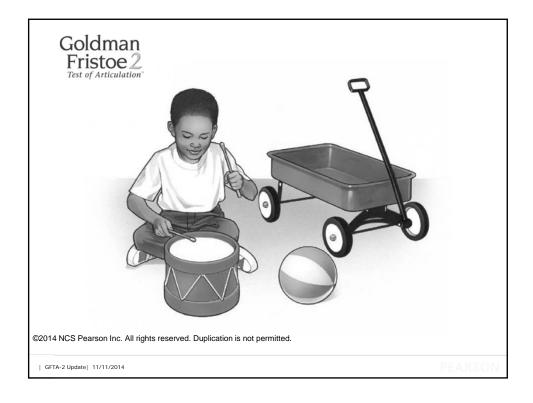
Early Decisions in Test Construction

- Sounds to be assessed
- Picture and word selection
- Test format (Film strip or Easel)
- Testing multiple sounds in a single word
 - Studies by Irwin & Musselman (1962) and Fristoe & Goldman (1968)

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GFTA-2 Test Sections

- Measurement of spontaneous production of sounds in words (Sounds-in-Words)
- Measurement of articulation skills in a task closer to authentic speech (Soundsin-Sentences)
- Measurement of stimulability (Stimulability)

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Summary of Item Changes

Removed from GFTA:

- Bed
- Chicken
- Christmas tree
- Church
- Flag
- Gun
- Matches
- Santa Claus
- Sleeping
- Squirrel
- Stove
- wheel

New in GFTA-2:

- Ball
- Balloons
- Banana
- Chair
- Clown
- Crying
- Five
- FIVE
- Flowers
- Frog
- Girl
- Glasses
- Green

- Monkey
- Quack
- Slide
- Spoon
- Stars
- Swimming
- Watch
- Watches

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Goldman Fristoe 2

GFTA Test Norms

- · Initial test was criterion referenced
- Funding agencies demanded norm referenced comparisons before approving services
- 1972: normative information for children and adolescents age 6 through 16+
- 1986: added norms for children 2 through 5
- 1999: GFTA-2 new standardization sample provided age based standard scores as well as percentiles for males and females age 2 through 21 years
- 2000: Developmental Norms by Gender and consonant and consonant cluster development based on the nationwide GFTA-2 large, stratified and well-controlled standardization sample. This was computed on ages 2-0 through 8-11.

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Standardization Plan

Table 5.2

GFTA-2 Standardization Testing Plan, by Gender and Age

	Fen	nale	M	ale
Age	Target N	Actual N	Target N	Actual N
2-0 to 2-11	100	127	100	138
3-0 to 3-11	100	171	100	157
4-0 to 4-11	125	162	125	233
5-0 to 5-11	125	209	125	238
6-0 to 6-11	125	198	125	211
7-0 to 7-11	100	153	100	152
8-0 to 8-11	100	133	100	136
9-0 to 10-11	100	151	100	154
11-0 to 12-11	100	121	100	118
13-0 to 14-11	100	129	100	121
15-0 to 21-11	100	169	100	140
Total Sample	1,175	1,723	1,175	1,798

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Sample Selection

- Subjects selected to match U.S. 1998
 Census data to secure representation of national population
- The female and male samples were stratified within each age group by the following criteria:
 - Race or ethnic group
 - Geographic region
 - Socioeconomic status (mother's educational level)

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Standardization Characteristics

Table 5.11

Representation of the Female Standardization Sample, by Race or Ethnic Group and Geographic Region

					Rac	e or Eth	nic Gr	oup											
	Afric	an Ame	rican		Hispani	c		White			Other								
	1000000	TA-2 nple	U.S. Pop.b	10.70	TA-2 nple	U.S. Pop.b	2.730	TA-2 nple	U.S. Pop.b	100000	TA-2 nple	U.S. Pop.b	Total						
Region	N	%	%	N	%	%	N	%	%	N	%	%	N						
Northeast	31	2.6	2.5	31	2.6	2.4	149	12.7	12.5	8	0.7	0.7	219						
North Central	47	4.0	3.0	26	2.2	1.2	199	16.9	18.9	6	0.5	0.7	278						
South	91	7.7	8.7	60	5.1	4.5	252	21.4	20.5	11	0.7	1.0	414						
West	24	2.0	1.2	67	5.7	6.9	153	13.0	12.7	20	1.7	2.7	264						
Total	193	16.4	15.5	184	15.7	14.9	753	64.1	64.5	45	3.8	5.0	1,175						

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Pacific Islanders, and all other groups not classified as African American, Hispanic, or White. ^bU.S. population data from *Current Population Survey, March 1998* [machine-readable data file] conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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Reliability Data

- Median reliability (coefficient alpha)
 - Females = .96
 - -Males = .94
- Test-Retest reliability (presence of error)
 - Initial, medial, and final positions = 98%
- Inter-rater reliability (presence of error)
 - Initial position = 93%
 - Medial and final positions = 90%

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Validity Data

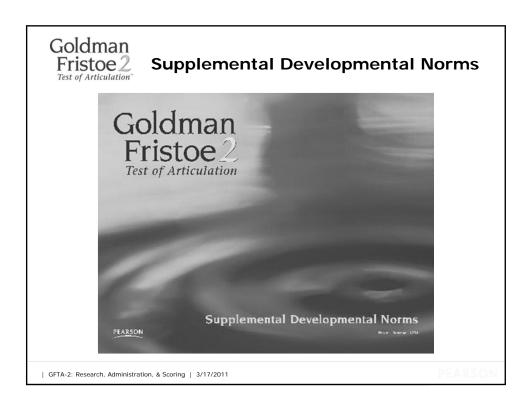
- Content validity
 - 23 of the 25 Standard American English consonants (excluding /hw/ and /zh/)
- Construct validity

| GFTA-2

- Developmental progression of total raw scores

GFTA-2 Table 2.1: Age at which 85% of GFTA Standardization sample correctly produced initial consonant and consonant cluster sounds

	Age	Initial Sound
	2	/b/, /d/, /h/, /m/, /n/, /p/
	3	/f/, /g/, /k/, /t/, /w/
	4	/kw/
	5	ch, sh, /l/, /s/, sh, dj, /bl/
	6	/r/, /v/, /br/, /dr/, /fl/, /fr/, /gl/, /gr/, /kl/, /kr/, /pl/, /st/, /tr/
Update	7	/z/, /sl/, /sp/, /sw/, voiced and voiceless th





Supplemental Developmental Norms Example from page 10 (Females)

P-values of items by age, for Female sample—according to Sound Number on the GFTA-2 Response Form

Sound Number	Sound	IMF	2-0 to 2-5	2-6 to 2-11	3-0 to 3-6
1	р	I	0.88	0.91	1.00
1	р	М	0.81	0.93	0.97
1	р	F	0.86	0.90	0.95
2	m	I	0.91	0.93	1.00

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Administration & Interpretation

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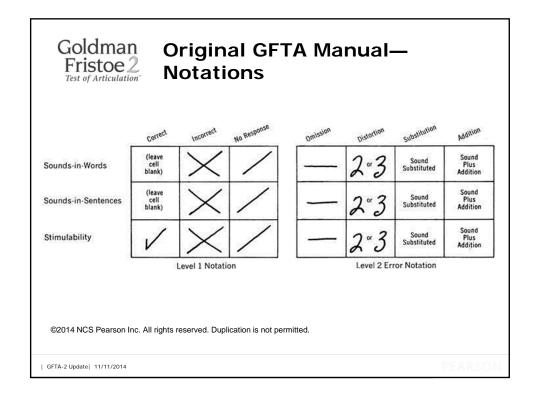


Administration

Test Administration can be completed on 1 or 2 levels:

- 1) Presence of error
- 2) Presence and type of error

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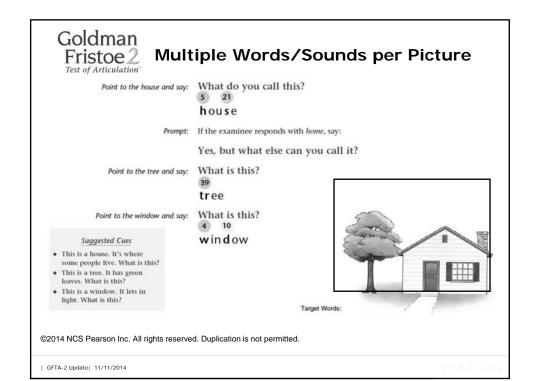
Administration Time

Table 1.2 Sounds-in-Words Administration Time in Minutes, by Age

Age	Mean	SD	Median	Mode
2	16.8	8.8	15	15
3	12.3	6.8	10	10
4	9.2	4.2	8	10
5	7.8	4.4	7	5
6	6.6	3.4	6	5
7	6.1	2.9	5	4
8	5.8	2.4	5	5
9-10	5.9	3.6	5	5
11-12	5.1	2.9	4	4
13-14	6.0	3.2	5	5
15-21	5.1	2.2	5	5

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Point to the clown and say: What do you call this?

31 3

clown

Point to the balloons and say: What is he holding?

16

balloons



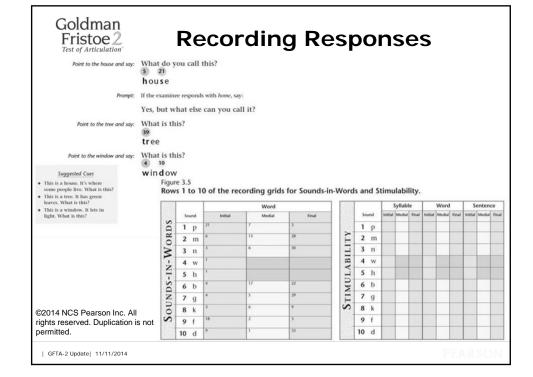
Suggested Cues

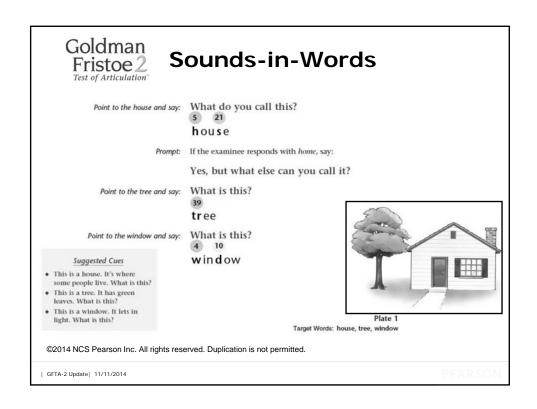
- This is a clown. He makes people laugh. What is this?
- The clown is holding balloons.
 They are pretty colors. What is he holding?

Plate 30 Target Words: clown, balloons

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Sounds-in-Words—Scoring 1 house haos_ 2 telephone telefon____ __ spoon spun_ 7 6 16 ball b 3 l 7 wagon wægən _____shovel s∧vəl_ Word Medial **1** p 28 **2** m 30 3 n 4 w ©2014 NCS Pearson Inc. All rights reserved. Duplication is not permitted. | GFTA-2 Update| 11/11/2014



Sounds-in-Sentences #1

A Bad Night for Jerry

Jerry is playing with his drum, ball, and wagon.

(Point to the drum, ball, and wagon.)

He is making too much noise.

His mother makes him stop.

It is time to take a bath.



Plate 35

Target Words: Jerry, playing, drum, ball, wagon, much, noise

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Sounds-in-Sentences #2

Jerry is taking a bath.

Oh, no! He loses the soap.

He cannot find it because it is outside the bathtub.

See the soap. (Point to the soap.)

It is on the floor.

Plate 36 Target Words: taking, bath, loses, soap, floor



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Sounds in Sentences—Scoring

(Plate 35) Jerry is playing with his drum, ball, and wagon. He is making too much noise. His mother makes him stop. It is time to take a bath.	playing plejin	wagon wægən 18 much matf 22 noise nərz						
(Plate 36) Jerry is taking a bath. Oh, no! He loses the soap. He cannot find it because it is outside the bathtub. See the soap. It is on the floor.	taking tekin	floor fl o r						

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Sound	Syllal	ble	Word	Sentence	Son	und	Syllab	ole	Word	Sentence
1 p	pih	[pt]	pig	The pig is eating.	10	d	dih	[d1]	deer	The deer is running.
	a-puh	[æpə]	apple	The apple is cut.	13		a-duh	[{də]	ladder	Put the ladder away.
	oop	[up]	soup	My soup is ready.			ad	[æd]	had	I had fun.
2 m	mih	[mɪ]	milk	Put the milk away.	11	ŋ	awng-gul	n[ongə]	longest	She has the longest hair.
	uh-mee	[ami]	yummy	This is a yummy treat.			ing	[1ŋ]	sing	Let's sing a song.
	oom	[um]	room	Your room is big.				0.1		T 101
					12	j	yoo	[ju]	you	I like you, too.
3 n	nee	[ni]	knee	My knee doesn't hurt.	13	t	tah	[ta]	top	Put the top on the box.
	ee-nuh	[ina]	peanuts	Some peanuts are salty. I can ride a bike.		•	ih-tah	[ita]	guitar	That guitar is old.
	an	[æn]	can	I can ride a bike.			iet	[ait]	light	The light is on.
4 w	weh	[we]	wet	He has wet feet.	8			ferrel		THE HIGHEST OFF
		[]		110 1100 1101 11011	14	1	shi	[[i]	ship	The ship is sailing.
5 h	hah	[ha]	hot	It is hot in here.			ih-shih	[1]1]	dishes	The dishes are dry.
					13		ash	[æ]]	mash	I will mash the potatoes.
6 b	beh	[bɛ]	bell	The bell is ringing.	15					
	ay-bee	[ebi]	baby	The baby is cute.		tJ	chee	[tʃi]	cheese	That cheese is good.
	ahb	[ab]	job	This job is easy.	8		a-chih	[ætʃi]	matches	My top matches my short
7 g	gih	[g1]	give	She will give me a cookie.	100		ach	[ætʃ]	catch	I can catch the ball.
. 0	a-gee	[ægi]	baggy	I like baggy pants.	16	1	lie	[lat]	like	I like ice cream.
	awg	[gc]	dog	The dog is noisy.	1	•	ih-loh	[tlo]	below	It's below freezing.
	9	f-81	408	The dog is noisy.	8		el	[13]	fell	The baby fell asleep.
8 k	ka	[kæ]	cat	The cat is hiding.				[]		
	uh-kee	[Aki]	yucky	That's a yucky one!	17	r	ra	[ræ]	ran	I ran to school.
	ayk	[ek]	make	Let's make some bread.			a-ree	[æri]	carry	He can carry that box.
					8		ohr	[or]	door	The door is open.
9 f	fay	[fe]	face	My face is clean.	3					
	aw-fee	[ifc]	coffee	That coffee is hot!	1					
	af	[æf]	laugh	I laugh a lot.						

Fristoe 2 Test of Articulation	Figure 3.2 Completed information section of the GFTA-2 Response Form.						
	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION Name Kyle Knutson						
	School/Agency Dak Grove Elementary						
	☑ Male ☐ Female Grade/Ed. Level <u>K</u> Language Spoken in the Home <u>English</u>						
	Examiner Ms. Rivera Reason for Testing <u>referred by teacher because of</u> unintelligible speech						
	AGE CALCULATION						
	Year Month Day						
	Test Date <u>2000</u> <u>09</u> <u>29</u>						
	Birth Date <u>1995</u> <u>05</u> <u>10</u>						
	Chronological Age* 5 4 * Use age in years and months only; do not round up.						

	toe 2 rticulation Figure 4.1	Sui	unds-in-W mmary ection of the respon			
		SOUNDS-	-IN-WORDS SCO	AGRICATO SECTIONAL SECTION SEC	(40)	
	Raw Score*	Standard Score	Confidence Interval Ø 90% □ 95%	Percentile	Test-Age Equivalent	
	28	75	69 — 81	8	3-1	
	*Raw scor	(8)	number of articulation errors.	See Chapter 4.		
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Record Form

Figure 3.5
Rows 1 to 10 of the recording grids for Sounds-in-Words and Stimulability.

8			Word	
	ound	Initial	Medial	Fina
1	p	21	7	3
2	m	6	13	28
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 8 9 9 9	n	3	6.	30
4	w	1		
5	h	1		
6	b	4	17	22
7	g	4	5	29
8	k	3	6	9
9	f	18	2	3
10	d	9	1	33

			- 3	Syllabl	e		Word		S	ce	
STIMULABILITY	So	und	Initial	Medial	Final	Initial	Medial	Final	Initial	Medial	Final
	1	p									
	2	m									
	3	n									
	4	w									
	5	h									
	6	b									
=	7	g									
S	8	k									
	9	f									
	10	d									

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Diagnostic Interpretation

- Compare matrices to determine degree of consistency
 - Sound errors
 - Position in which misarticulations occurred
 - Type of errors (omissions, distortions, additions, substitutions, etc.)
- Determine if errors are on more or less frequently occurring sounds
- Determine whether misarticulations are on sounds that are likely to appear late in speech development

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Additional Interpretation Considerations

- · Error type
 - Nasal, plosive, fricative
 - Are error types similar in terms of placement of articulators
 - Are errors related to voicing such as /b/ used for /p/

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Supplemental Developmental Norms Example from page 10 (Females)

P-values of items by age, for Female sample—according to Sound Number on the GFTA-2 Response Form

Sound Number	Sound	IMF	2-0 to 2-5	2-6 to 2-11	3-0 to 3-6
1	р	I	0.88	0.91	1.00
1	р	M	0.81	0.93	0.97
1	р	F	0.86	0.90	0.95
2	m	I	0.91	0.93	1.00

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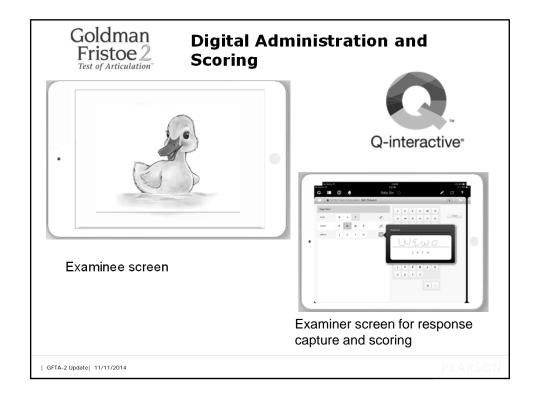
"At-a-Glance" Developmental Sound Acquisition

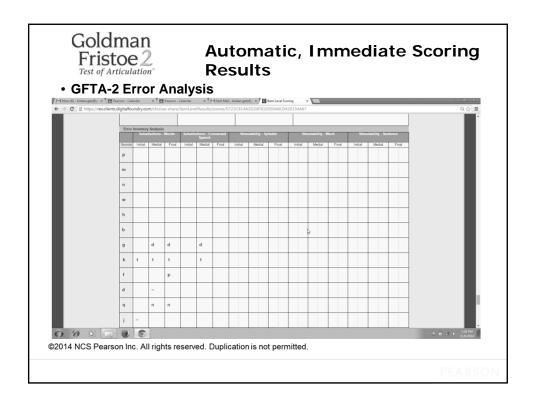
GFTA-2 Table 2.1: Age at which 85% of GFTA Standardization sample correctly produced initial consonant and consonant cluster sounds

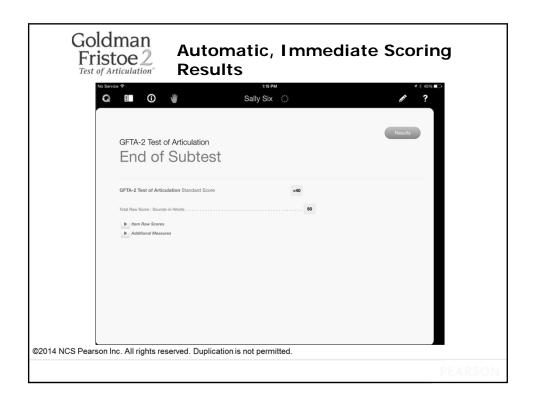
Age	Initial Sound
2	/b/, /d/, /h/, /m/, /n/, /p/
3	/f/, /g/, /k/, /t/, /w/
4	/kw/
5	ch, sh, /l/, /s/, sh, dj, /bl/
6	/r/, /v/, /br/, /dr/, /fl/, /fr/, /gl/, /gr/, /kl/, /kr/, /pl/, /st/, /tr/
7	/z/, /sl/, /sp/, /sw/, voiced and voiceless th

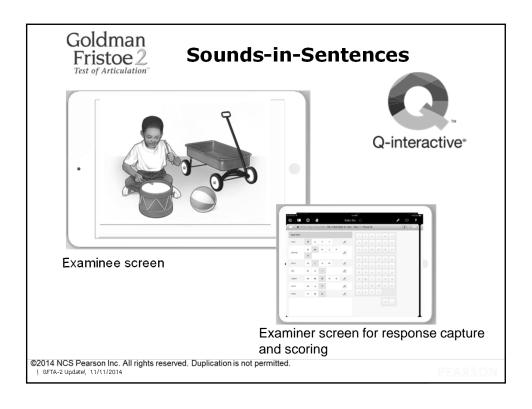
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Coming Late 2015



- New print and digital editions for GFTA-3 administration and scoring
- Assess consonants in multiple contexts
- Updated norms
- Criterion-referenced evaluation of vowels
- Spanish edition in development;
 Publication date TBD



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26



Two Sets of Test Stimuli: Example

Look at this boy. What is he wearing on his foot? (shoe)





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Two Sets of Test Stimuli: Example

An apple is a fruit; a carrot is a _____





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Phoneme Production is Tested in Multiple Contexts

Examples of words testing Initial /p/

- Pencil
- Puzzle
- Pig







Examples of words testing Final /n/

- Lion
- Green
- Crown
- Seven









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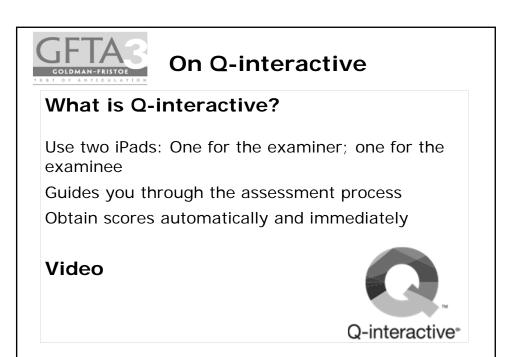
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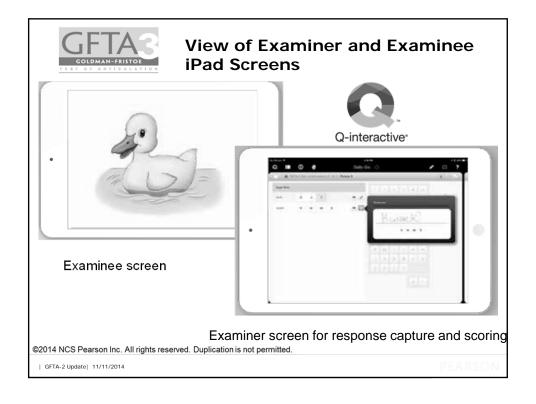
New Scoring Procedures

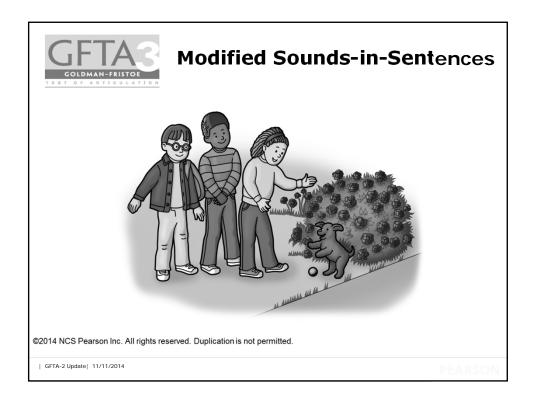
- All obligatory consonants are scored
- Information about vowel productions can be recorded for later analysis

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Wrap-Up

Questions & Answers

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